# ELECTRICITY INDUSTRY PARTICIPATION CODE METERING EQUIPMENT PROVIDER AUDIT REPORT



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Date audit commenced: 2 November 2021

Date audit report completed: 12 November 2021

Audit report due date: 16-Nov-21

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# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

**WEL Networks (WEL)** is a Metering Equipment Provider (MEP) and is required to undergo an audit by 16 November 2021, in accordance with clause 1(1)(b) of schedule 10.5.

Eleven non-compliances are recorded, and three recommendations are made. The three recommendations relate to data collection requirements that came into force on 1 February 2021. The main non-compliance issues are as follows:

- 1. An inspection was not conducted for Category 3 ICP 0000022125WE134. (Appears in three sections).
- 2. Faulty metering notification was not provided within 20 business days for ICP 0080050190WEB67. (Appears in two sections).
- 3. Some certification report fields are inaccurate or not present, including the results of certification tests.
- 4. AMI events are not routinely reviewed.

The date of the next audit is determined by the Electricity Authority and is dependent on the level of compliance during this audit. The table below provides some guidance on this matter and recommends an audit frequency of six months. I have considered this recommendation in conjunction with the responses from WEL and I recommend an audit period of 12 months.

The issues found are shown in the tables below.

# **AUDIT SUMMARY**

#### **NON-COMPLIANCES**

Subject	Section	Clause	Non-Compliance	Controls	Audit Risk Rating	Breach Risk Rating	Remedial Action
Registry updates	3.2	2 of Schedule 11.4	One registry update later than 15 business days.	Strong	Low	1	Identified
Changes to registry records	4.10	3 of Schedule 11.4	Some records updated on the registry later than 10 business days.	Moderate	Low	2	Identified
Accurate and Complete Records	5.1	4(1)(a) and (b) of Schedule 10.6, and Table 1, Schedule 11.4	Some inaccurate certification records.	Moderate	Low	2	Identified
Cancellation of Certification.	6.4	7 (1), (2) and (3) of Schedule 11.4	Inspection not conducted and certification not cancelled for ICP 0000022125WE134.	Moderate	Low	2	Identified
Certification and Maintenance	7.1	10.38 (a), clause 1	Certification cancelled for ICP 0000022125WE134	Strong	Low	1	Identified

		and clause 15 of Schedule 10.7					
Some certification tests not recorded by ATHs.	7.2	10.38(b) and clause 9 of Schedule 10.6	Some certification tests not recorded by ATHs.	Moderate	Low	2	Identified
Category 2 to 5 Inspections	8.2	46(1) of Schedule 10.7	Inspection not conducted for ICP 0000022125WE134.	Moderate	Low	2	Identified
Investigation of Faulty Metering Installations	9.1	10.43(4) and (5)	Faulty metering notification not provided within 20 business days for ICP 0080050190WEB67.	Moderate	Low	2	Cleared
Statement of Situation	9.3	10.46(2)	Trader not updated within three business days regarding a faulty meter at ICP 0080050190WEB67.	Moderate	Low	2	Cleared
Time Errors for Metering Installations	10.7	8(4) of Schedule 10.6	218 examples of clock errors outside the allowable thresholds.	Strong	Low	1	Identified
Event Logs	10.8	8(7) of Schedule 10.6	Event logs not routinely reviewed by WEL.	Weak	Low	3	Identified
Future Risk Rating							20
Indicative Audit Frequency							onths

Future risk rating	1-2	3-6	7-9	10-19	20-24	25+
Indicative audit frequency	36 months	24 months	18 months	12 months	6 months	3 months

# RECOMMENDATIONS

Subject	Section	Recommendation	Description
Time Errors for Metering Installations	10.7	Regarding Clause 8(4) of Schedule 10.6	Review and change clock synchronisation reporting to ensure the old and new times are correctly reported.
Comparison of HHR Data with Register Data	10.9	Regarding clause 8(9) of Schedule 10.6	Develop a process to conduct sum-check over a longer period once all data is available.

Comparison of HHR Data with Register Data	10.9	Regarding clause 8(9) of Schedule 10.6	Develop reporting to show ICPs where a sum- check "fail" has occurred and is not resolved within three business days.
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# ISSUES

Subject	Section	Issue	Description
Complete and accurate records	5.1	Multiple MEOs on category 1 installations.	As mentioned in section 5.1, clarification is required regarding how certification, certification reporting, and the registry should be managed when both WEL and NGCM MEPs have meters in series in metering installations

# 1. ADMINISTRATIVE

# 1.1. Exemptions from Obligations to Comply with Code (Section 11)

# **Code reference**

Section 11 of Electricity Industry Act 2010.

#### Code related audit information

Section 11 of the Electricity Industry Act provides for the Electricity Authority to exempt any participant from compliance with all or any of the clauses.

# **Audit observation**

I checked the Electricity Authority website and I confirm there are no exemptions in place.

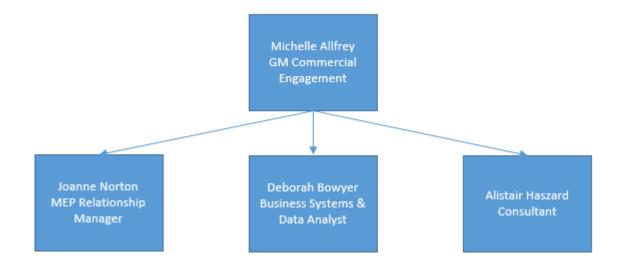
# **Audit commentary**

I checked the Electricity Authority website and I confirm there are no exemptions in place.

# 1.2. Structure of Organisation

**WEL Networks MEP Structure:** 

# WEL Networks MEP Structure



#### 1.3. Persons involved in this audit

Auditor: Steve Woods

**Veritek Limited** 

# **Electricity Authority Approved Auditor**

WEL personnel assisting in this audit were:

Name	Title
Andrew Maseyk	Metering & Reconciliation Manager
Alastair Hazard	Consultant
Deborah Bowyer	Business Systems & Data Analyst
Joanne Norton	MEP Relationship Manager

# 1.4. Use of Agents (Clause 10.3)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 10.3

# **Code related audit information**

A participant who uses a contractor

- remains responsible for the contractor's fulfillment of the participants Code obligations
- cannot assert that it is not responsible or liable for the obligation due to the action of a contractor
- must ensure that the contractor has at least the specified level of skill, expertise, experience, or qualification that the participant would be required to have if it were performing the obligation itself.

#### **Audit observation**

WEL engages with ATHs to conduct certification activities and they are an ATH themselves, but there are no contractors used to perform MEP responsibilities.

# **Audit commentary**

WEL engages with ATHs to conduct certification activities and they are an ATH themselves, but there are no contractors used to perform MEP responsibilities.

#### 1.5. Hardware and Software

WEL MEP data is held in the Meter Data Warehouse and Meter Database Orion, which is subject to backup arrangements in accordance with standard industry protocols.

# 1.6. Breaches or Breach Allegations

WEL confirmed there have been no breach allegations during the audit period.

# 1.7. ICP Data

Metering Category	Number of ICPs
1	4,257
2	1
3	2

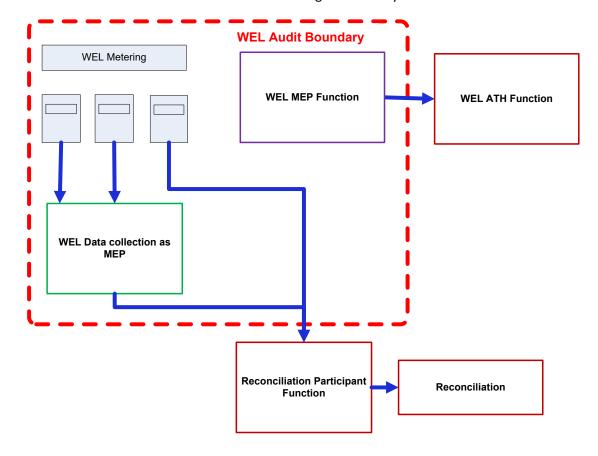
# 1.8. Authorisation Received

A letter of authorisation was not required or requested.

# 1.9. Scope of Audit

This audit was conducted in accordance with the Guideline for Metering Equipment Provider Audits V2.2, which was published by the Electricity Authority.

The boundaries of this audit are shown below for greater clarity.



# 1.10. Summary of previous audit

The previous audit was conducted in November 2019 by Brett Piskulic of Veritek Limited. The table below shows the status of the issues identified.

# **Table of Non-Compliance**

Subject	Section	Clause	Non-compliance	Status
Registry updates	3.2	2 of Schedule 11.4	2 registry updates later than 15 business days.	Still existing
Changes to registry records	4.10	3 of Schedule 11.4	Some records updated on the registry later than 10 business days.	Still existing
Provision of Registry Information	6.2	7 (1), (2) and (3) of Schedule 11.4	Some registry records incorrect.	Cleared
Time Errors for Metering Installations	10.7	8(4) of Schedule 10.6	76 examples of clock errors outside the allowable thresholds.	Still existing

# **Table of Recommendations**

Subject	Section	Clause	Recommendation for improvement	Status
			Nil	

# 2. OPERATIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE

# 2.1. MEP responsibility for services access interface (Clause 10.9(2))

#### **Code reference**

Clause 10.9(2)

#### **Code related audit information**

The MEP is responsible for providing and maintaining the services access interface.

#### **Audit observation**

The Code places responsibility for maintaining the services access interface on the MEP, and places responsibility for determining and recording it with ATHs. I checked the certification records for all relevant ATHs.

#### **Audit commentary**

I checked 29 certification records and found the services access interface was recorded correctly by the ATHs.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 2.2. Dispute Resolution (Clause 10.50(1) to (3))

#### **Code reference**

Clause 10.50(1) to (3)

# **Code related audit information**

Participants must in good faith use its best endeavours to resolve any disputes related to Part 10 of the Code.

Disputes that are unable to be resolved may be referred to the Authority for determination.

Complaints that are not resolved by the parties or the Authority may be referred to the Rulings Panel by the Authority or participant.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked whether any disputes had been dealt with during the audit period.

#### **Audit commentary**

WEL has not been required to resolve any disputes in accordance with this clause.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 2.3. MEP Identifier (Clause 7(1) of Schedule 10.6)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 7(1) of Schedule 10.6

#### **Code related audit information**

The MEP must ensure it has a unique participant identifier and must use this participant identifier (if required) to correctly identify its information.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked the registry data to ensure the correct MEP identifier was used.

#### **Audit commentary**

WEL uses the WASN identifier in all cases.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 2.4. Communication Equipment Compatibility (Clause 40 Schedule 10.7)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 40 Schedule 10.7

#### Code related audit information

The MEP must ensure that the use of its communication equipment complies with the compatibility and connection requirements of any communication network operator the MEP has equipment connected to.

#### **Audit observation**

Relevant documentation was checked to ensure the compatibility of communication equipment.

#### **Audit commentary**

WEL ensures all communication equipment is appropriately certified with the relevant telecommunications standards. This is recorded in type test certificates and other approval documents.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 2.5. Participants to Provide Accurate Information (Clause 11.2 and Clause 10.6)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 11.2 and Clause 10.6

#### Code related audit information

The MEP must take all practicable steps to ensure that information that the MEP is required to provide to any person under Parts 10 and 11 is complete and accurate, not misleading or deceptive and not likely to mislead or deceive. If the MEP becomes aware that in providing information under Parts 10 and 11, the MEP has not complied with that obligation, the MEP must, as soon as practicable, provide such further information as is necessary to ensure that the MEP does comply.

#### **Audit observation**

The content of this audit report was reviewed to determine whether all practicable steps had been taken to provide accurate information.

#### **Audit commentary**

The content of this audit report indicates that WEL has taken all practicable steps to ensure that information is complete and accurate.

#### **Audit outcome**

# 3. PROCESS FOR A CHANGE OF MEP

# 3.1. Payment of Costs to Losing MEP (Clause 10.22)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 10.22

#### **Code related audit information**

The MEP for a metering installation may change only if the responsible participant enters into an arrangement with another person to become the MEP for the metering installation, and if certain requirements are met in relation to updating the registry and advising the reconciliation manager.

The losing MEP must notify the gaining MEP of the proportion of the costs within 40 business days of the gaining MEP assuming responsibility. The gaining MEP must pay the losing MEP within 20 business days of receiving notification from the losing MEP.

The costs are those directly and solely attributable to the certification and calibration tests of the metering installation or its components from the date of switch until the end of the current certification period.

The gaining MEP is not required to pay costs if:

- the losing MEP has agreed in writing that the gaining MEP is not required to pay costs, or the losing MEP has failed to provide notice within 40 business days.
- within 3 business days, the gaining MEP replaces, removes or recertifies the metering component or metering installation
- the losing MEP has failed to provide notice of the costs to the gaining MEP within 40 business days.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked if WEL had sent or received any invoices.

#### **Audit commentary**

WEL has not sent or received any invoices. The table below shows that there is only one scenario where costs will be payable, and this is unlikely to occur.

Scenario	Likelihood of occurring	Costs payable
Gaining MEP replaces losing MEPs component	High	No
Gaining MEP removes losing MEPs component	High	No
Gaining MEP recertifies losing MEPs component	High	No
Gaining MEP replaces losing MEPs installation	High	No
Gaining MEP removes losing MEPs installation	High	No
Gaining MEP recertifies losing MEPs installation	High	No
Gaining MEP retains losing MEPs components and metering installation	Zero	Yes

# **Audit outcome**

# 3.2. Registry Notification of Metering Records (Clause 2 of Schedule 11.4)

# **Code reference**

Clause 2 of Schedule 11.4

# **Code related audit information**

The gaining MEP must advise the registry of the registry metering records for the metering installation within 15 days of becoming the MEP for the metering installation.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked the audit compliance report for the period 1 December 2019 to 16 September 2021 for all records where WEL became the MEP to evaluate the timeliness of updates.

#### **Audit commentary**

There was one late update identified by the audit compliance report. This was due to the metering at two installations being recorded against the incorrect address and a correction was required.

#### **Audit outcome**

# Non-compliant

Non-compliance	Description		
Audit Ref: 3.2	One registry update later than 15 business days.		
With: Clause 2 of	Potential impact: Low		
Schedule 11.4	Actual impact: Low		
	Audit history: Once		
From: 18-Feb-20	Controls: Strong		
To: 16-May-21	Breach risk rating: 1		
Audit risk rating	Rationale for	audit risk rating	
Low	Controls are in place to ensure the timel	iness of updates.	
	The impact on other participants is mino	or; therefore, the a	audit risk rating is low.
Actions taken to resolve the issue		Completion date	Remedial action status
Work with another party was required to be able to correct situation. The Registry was updated as soon as details were confirmed. Updated to registry was back dated to ensure accurate Registry records were maintained.		Completed	Identified
Preventative actions taken to ensure no further issues will occur		Completion date	
When errors such as this come to light, we will continue to work them as a priority, but emphasis will always be on accurate date population.		Ongoing	

# 3.3. Provision of Metering Records to Gaining MEP (Clause 5 of Schedule 10.6)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 5 of Schedule 10.6

#### **Code related audit information**

During an MEP switch, a gaining MEP may request access to the losing MEP's metering records.

On receipt of a request from the gaining MEP, the losing MEP has 10 business days to provide the gaining MEP with the metering records or the facilities to enable the gaining MEP to access the metering records.

The losing MEP must ensure that the metering records are only received by the gaining MEP or its contractor, the security of the metering records is maintained, and only the specific metering records required for the purposes of the gaining MEP exercising its rights and performing its obligations are provided.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked with WEL to confirm whether there had been any requests from other MEPs.

#### **Audit commentary**

This has not occurred, and no examples are available to examine. WEL have stated that any information will be provided as necessary.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 3.4. Termination of MEP Responsibility (Clause 10.23)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 10.23

#### Code related audit information

Even if the MEP ceases to be responsible for an installation, the MEP must either comply with its continuing obligations; or before its continuing obligations terminate, enter into an arrangement with a participant to assume those obligations.

The MEP is responsible if it:

- is identified in the registry as the primary metering contact or
- is the participant who owns the meter for the POC or to the grid or
- has accepted responsibility under clause 1(1)(a)(ii) of schedule 11.4 or
- has contracted with a participant responsible for providing the metering installation.

MEPs obligations come into effect on the date recorded in the registry as being the date on which the metering installation equipment is installed or, for an NSP the effective date set out in the NSP table on the Authority's website.

An MEPs obligations terminate only when:

- the ICP changes under clause 10.22(1)(a):
- the NSP changes under clause 10.22(1)(b), in which case the MEPs obligations terminate from the date on which the gaining MEP assumes responsibility:
- the metering installation is no longer required for the purposes of Part 15; or
- the load associated with an ICP is converted to be used solely for unmetered load.

#### **Audit observation**

I confirmed that WEL has ceased to be responsible for some metering installations by checking the event detail report.

# **Audit commentary**

WEL has ceased to be responsible for some metering installations and they still continue with their responsibilities, mainly in relation to the storage or records, which are kept indefinitely. 10 ICPs were decommissioned during the audit period and the records are still available.

# **Audit outcome**

# 4. INSTALLATION AND MODIFICATION OF METERING INSTALLATIONS

#### 4.1. Design Reports for Metering Installations (Clause 2 of Schedule 10.7)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 2 of Schedule 10.7

#### **Code related audit information**

The MEP must obtain a design report for each proposed new metering installation or a modification to an existing metering installation, before it installs the new metering installation or before the modification commences.

Clause 2(2) and (3)—The design report must be prepared by a person with the appropriate level of skills, expertise, experience and qualifications and must include a schematic drawing, details of the configuration scheme that programmable metering components are to include, confirmation that the configuration scheme has been approved by an approved test laboratory, maximum interrogation cycle for each services access interface, any compensation factor arrangements, method of certification required, and name and signature of the person who prepared the report and the date it was signed.

Clause 2(4)—The MEP must provide the design report to the certifying ATH before the ATH installs or modifies the metering installation (or a metering component in the metering installation).

#### **Audit observation**

WEL has engaged the WEL and Accucal ATHs for certification activities. I have checked design reports for this work provided by both WEL and the ATHs.

#### **Audit commentary**

WEL has provided design reports which are used by WEL ATH. I have checked the design reports and confirm they include all of the requirements noted above and they were prepared by a person with the appropriate level of skills, expertise, experience and qualifications. I checked the certification reports for 29 installations completed by the WEL ATH and confirmed that they referenced a design report.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 4.2. Contracting with ATH (Clause 9 of Schedule 10.6)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 9 of Schedule 10.6

#### **Code related audit information**

The MEP must, when contracting with an ATH in relation to the certification of a metering installation, ensure that the ATH has the appropriate scope of approval for the required certification activities.

#### **Audit observation**

I confirmed that WEL has used the WEL and Accucal ATHs.

#### **Audit commentary**

I have checked the Authority's website and confirm that the WEL and Accucal ATHs have current and appropriate scope of approvals.

# **Audit outcome**

# 4.3. Metering Installation Design & Accuracy (Clause 4(1) of Schedule 10.7)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 4(1) of Schedule 10.7

#### Code related audit information

# The MEP must ensure:

- that the sum of the measured error and uncertainty does not exceed the maximum permitted error set out in Table 1 of Schedule 10.1 for the category of the metering installation
- the design of the metering installation (including data storage device and interrogation system) will ensure the sum of the measured error and the smallest possible increment of the energy value of the raw meter data does not exceed the maximum permitted error set out in Table 1 of Schedule 10.1 for the category of installation
- the metering installation complies with the design report and the requirements of Part 10.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked the processes used by WEL to ensure compliance with the design and with the error thresholds stipulated in Table 1. I also checked the certification records for 30 metering installations.

#### **Audit commentary**

The WEL and Accural ATH processes require the design report to be recorded on the metering installation certification reports, the 30 reports I checked included a reference to the design report.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 4.4. Net metering and Subtractive Metering (Clause 10.13A and 4(2)(a) of Schedule 10.7)

## **Code reference**

Clause 10.13A and Clause 4(2)(a) of Schedule 10.7

#### **Code related audit information**

MEPs must ensure that the metering installation records imported electricity separately from exported electricity. For category 1 and 2 installations the MEP must ensure the metering installation records imported and exported electricity separately for each phase. For category 3 or higher installations, the MEP does not need to ensure that imported and exported electricity is recorded separately for each phase.

If the metering installation contains multiple phases, the MEP may aggregate together the amounts of imported electricity recorded on different phases, or the amounts of exported electricity recorded on different phases. However, the MEP must not aggregate imported and exported electricity together. For metering installations for ICPs that are not also NSPs, the MEP must ensure that the metering installation does not use subtraction to determine submission information used for the purposes of Part 15.

#### **Audit observation**

I asked WEL to confirm whether subtraction was used for any metering installations where they were the MEP.

#### **Audit commentary**

WEL does not have any metering installations where subtractive metering is used.

#### **Audit outcome**

# Compliant

# 4.5. HHR Metering (Clause 4(2)(b) of Schedule 10.7)

# **Code reference**

Clause 4(2)(b) of Schedule 10.7

#### **Code related audit information**

For metering installations for ICPs that are not also NSPs, the MEP must ensure that all category 3 or higher metering installations must be half-hour metering installations.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked WEL's list file to confirm compliance with this requirement.

#### **Audit commentary**

I checked WEL's list file, and I confirm that there are two category 3 metering installations, both of which are HHR.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 4.6. NSP Metering (Clause 4(3) of Schedule 10.7)

## **Code reference**

Clause 4(3) of Schedule 10.7

# **Code related audit information**

The MEP must ensure that the metering installation for each NSP that is not connected to the grid does not use subtraction to determine submission information used for the purposes of Part 15 and is a half-hour metering installation.

# **Audit observation**

I checked if WEL is responsible for any NSP metering.

### **Audit commentary**

WEL is not the MEP for any NSP metering.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 4.7. Responsibility for Metering Installations (Clause 10.26(10))

# **Code reference**

Clause 10.26(10)

#### Code related audit information

The MEP must ensure that each point of connection to the grid for which there is a metering installation that it is responsible for has a half hour metering installation.

#### **Audit observation**

WEL is not responsible for any grid metering.

#### **Audit commentary**

WEL is not responsible for any grid metering.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 4.8. Suitability of Metering Installations (Clause 4(4) of Schedule 10.7)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 4(4) of Schedule 10.7

#### **Code related audit information**

The MEP must, for each metering installation for which it is responsible, ensure that it is appropriate having regard to the physical and electrical characteristics of the POC.

#### **Audit observation**

I asked WEL to provide details of how they ensure the suitability of metering installations.

#### **Audit commentary**

The certification record contains a field in relation to this clause, and the technician is required to confirm that installations are compliant and safe.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 4.9. Installation & Modification of Metering Installations (Clauses 10.34(2), (2A) 2(D) and (3))

#### **Code reference**

Clauses 10.34(2), (2A) and (3)

#### Code related audit information

If a metering installation is proposed to be installed or modified at a POC, other than a POC to the grid, the MEP must consult with and use its best endeavours, to agree with the distributor and the trader for that POC, before the design is finalised, on the metering installation's:

- required functionality
- terms of use
- required interface format
- integration of the ripple receiver and the meter
- functionality for controllable load.

This includes where the MEP is proposing to replace a metering component or metering installations with the same or similar design and functionality but excludes where the MEP has already consulted on the design with the distributor and trader.

Each participant involved in the consultations must use its best endeavours to reach agreement and act reasonably and in good faith.

#### **Audit observation**

WEL has provided copies of the design reports to all distributors and traders in order to achieve compliance with this requirement.

# **Audit commentary**

WEL has sought agreement the traders that they provide MEP services to. WEL is the MEP and Distributor in all instances and have therefore approved the design for metering installations.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

#### 4.10. Changes to Registry Records (Clause 3 of Schedule 11.4)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 3 of Schedule 11.4

#### **Code related audit information**

If the MEP has an arrangement with the trader the MEP must advise the registry manager of the registry metering records, or any change to the registry metering records, for each metering installation for which it is responsible at the ICP, no later than 10 business days following:

- a) the electrical connection of the metering installation at the ICP
- b) any subsequent change to the metering installation's metering records

If the MEP is update the registry in accordance with 8(11)(b) of Schedule 10.6, 10 business days after the most recent unsuccessful interrogation.

If update the registry in accordance with clause 8(13) of Schedule 10.6, 3 business days following the expiry of the time period or date from which the MEP determines it cannot restore communications.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked the audit compliance report for the period 1 December 2019 to 16 September 2021 to evaluate the timeliness of registry updates.

# **Audit commentary**

There were no late new connection updates.

WEL completed a large number of updates backdated to the original meter event date. These updates were mostly related to the addition of HHR channels to the meters in the registry. Whilst these updates have occurred well in excess of the required 10 business days there is minimal impact because HHR data was still provided to traders where it was required. 199 of 7,398 updates were later than 10 business days and the average days to update was 26.

There was one late update after recertification for Category 3 ICP 0000028095WE4C2. The update was 14 business days.

# **Audit outcome**

Non-compliant

Non-compliance	Des	cription	
Audit Ref: 4.10	Some records updated to the registry later than 10 business days.		
With: Clause 3 of			
Schedule 11.4	Actual impact: Low		
	Audit history: Once		
From: 01-Dec-19	Controls: Moderate		
To: 16-Sep-21	Breach risk rating: 2		
Audit risk rating	Rationale for	audit risk rating	
Low	I have recorded the controls as moderate in this area because there is room for improvement.		
	The updates relate to corrections which have a minor impact on participants and settlement, therefore the audit risk rating is low.		
Actions taken to resolve the issue		Completion date	Remedial action status
The late updates to the HHR channels were part of the resolution to a bug fix that was identified and worked earlier in the audit period (Jan 2020). Backdating of the updates was to ensure accurate records in the Registry for the period we were the MEP.		Completed	Identified
Preventative actions taken to ensure no further issues will occur		Completion date	
We have instigated a fortnightly report which includes amongst others reporting on instances of this issue. While this report will not prevent delayed notifications directly it will highlight any patterns so		Completed	

# 4.11. Metering Infrastructure (Clause 10.39(1))

# **Code reference**

Clause 10.39(1)

# **Code related audit information**

The MEP must ensure that for each metering installation:

- an appropriately designed metering infrastructure is in place
- each metering component is compatible with, and will not interfere with any other component in the installation
- collectively, all metering components integrate to provide a functioning system
- each metering installation is correctly and accurately integrated within the associated metering infrastructure.

# **Audit observation**

WEL metering infrastructure was examined as part of this audit to confirm compliance.

## **Audit commentary**

WEL has the Silverspring data collection system for Category 1 to 3 metering installations, and this is considered "metering infrastructure". This system operates as intended and is compatible with all metering components it interrogates.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 4.12. Responsibility for Metering at ICP (Clause 10.23A)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 10.23A

#### **Code related audit information**

If a metering installation at an ICP is to be decommissioned, but the ICP is not being decommissioned, the metering equipment provider that is responsible for decommissioning the metering installation must—

- (a) if the metering equipment provider is responsible for interrogating the metering installation—
- (i) arrange for a final interrogation to take place before the metering installation is decommissioned; and
- (ii) provide the raw meter data from the interrogation to the trader that is recorded in the registry as being responsible for the ICP; or
- (b) if another participant is responsible for interrogating the metering installation, advise the other participant not less than three business days before the decommissioning—
- (i) of the date and time of the decommissioning; and
- (ii) that the participant must carry out a final interrogation.
- (2) To avoid doubt, if a metering installation at an ICP is to be decommissioned because the ICP is being decommissioned—
- (a) the metering equipment provider is not responsible for arranging a final interrogation of the metering installation; and
- (b) the trader that is recorded in the registry as being responsible for the ICP must arrange for a final interrogation of the metering installation under clause 11.18(3).

#### **Audit observation**

I checked whether WEL was the MEP at any decommissioned ICPs and whether notification had been provided to relevant traders.

# **Audit commentary**

There were no examples of decommissioned metering installations where the ICP was not also decommissioned.

#### **Audit outcome**

# 4.13. Measuring Transformer Burden and Compensation Requirements (Clause 31(4) and (5) of Schedule 10.7)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 31(4) and (5) of Schedule 10.7

# **Code related audit information**

The MEP must, before approving the addition of, or change to, the burden or compensation factor of a measuring transformer in a metering installation, consult with the ATH who certified the metering installation.

If the MEP approves the addition of, or change to, the burden or compensation factor, it must ensure the metering installation is recertified by an ATH before the addition or change becomes effective.

#### **Audit observation**

I asked WEL whether they had approved any burden changes during the audit period.

## **Audit commentary**

There have not been any examples of this occurring during the audit period.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 4.14. Changes to Software ROM or Firmware (Clause 39(1) and 39(2) of Schedule 10.7)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 39(1) and 39(2) of Schedule 10.7

#### Code related audit information

The MEP must, if it proposes to change the software, ROM or firmware of a data storage device installed in a metering installation, ensure that, before the change is carried out, an approved test laboratory:

- tests and confirms that the integrity of the measurement and logging of the data storage device would be unaffected
- documents the methodology and conditions necessary to implement the change
- advises the ATH that certified the metering installation of any change that might affect the accuracy of the data storage device.

The MEP must, when implementing a change to the software, ROM or firmware of a data storage device installed in a metering installation:

- carry out the change in accordance with the methodology and conditions identified by the approved test laboratory under clause 39(1)(b)
- keep a list of the data storage devices that were changed
- update the metering records for each installation affected with the details of the change and the methodology used.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked if there any examples of changes in accordance with these clauses.

# **Audit commentary**

WEL has not conducted any updates during the audit period.

#### **Audit outcome**

# Compliant

# 4.15. Temporary Energization (Clause 10.28(6))

#### **Code reference**

Clause 10.28(6)

#### **Code related audit information**

An MEP must not request the temporary energisation of a new POC unless authorised to do so by the reconciliation participant responsible for that POC and has an arrangement with that reconciliation participant to provide metering services.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked the audit compliance report for the period 1 December 2019 to 16 September 2021 1 to see if there were any examples of metering installation certification occurring prior to initial electrical connection date.

# **Audit commentary**

There was one example where the metering installation certification occurred one day prior to the initial electrical connection date. WEL confirmed that there was a temporary energisation for certification purposes and that this had been authorised as required.

#### **Audit outcome**

# 5. METERING RECORDS

5.1. Accurate and Complete Records (Clause 4(1)(a) and (b) of Schedule 10.6, and Table 1, Schedule 11.4)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 4(1)(a) and (b) of Schedule 10.6, and Table 1, Schedule 11.4

# **Code related audit information**

The MEP must, for each metering installation for which it is responsible, keep accurate and complete records of the attributes set out in Table 1 of Schedule 11.4. These include:

- a) the certification expiry date of each metering component in the metering installation
- b) all equipment used in relation to the metering installation, including serial numbers and details of the equipment's manufacturer
- c) the manufacturer's or (if different) most recent test certificate for each metering component in the metering installation
- d) the metering installation category and any metering installations certified at a lower category
- e) all certification reports and calibration reports showing dates tested, tests carried out, and test results for all metering components in the metering installation
- f) the contractor who installed each metering component in the metering installation
- g) the certification sticker, or equivalent details, for each metering component that is certified under Schedule 10.8 in the metering installation:
- h) any variations or use of the 'alternate certification' process
- i) seal identification information
- *j)* any applicable compensation factors
- k) the owner of each metering component within the metering installation
- I) any applications installed within each metering component
- m) the signed inspection report confirming that the metering installation complies with the requirements of Part 10.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked certification records for 30 metering installations to evaluate compliance with this clause.

#### **Audit commentary**

I checked certification records for 30 metering installations to evaluate compliance with this clause. 29 WASN and one ACCM certification reports were checked. The table below shows the results.

		Qty incorrect	t or missing
Clause	Field required	WASN (29)	ACCM (1)
10.9(3)(b) & Clause 10 of Schedule 10.4 & Clause 8(2)(c) of Schedule 10.7	All services access interfaces and conditions under which each may be used.	-	
9(1)(c) of Schedule 10.7	Record of increment in register value of accumulation of pulses over a measured time.  Record that the register has advanced.	29	
2(1)(e) of Schedule 10.8	For CT certification reports, determine and record the range that the in-service burden must be within	N/A	1

31(7) of schedule 10.7	Ensure and record appropriate in-service burden	N/A	
10.11 & 8(4) of Schedule 10.7	Metering installation category		
6(4) of Schedule 10.7	Certification as a lower category detail	N/A	N/A
8(2) of Schedule 10.7	Whether the installation is HHR or NHH or both		
11(5)(a) & 13(4) of Schedule 10.7	Confirmation ATH has checked the design report		
11(5)(b) of Schedule 10.7	Confirmation that components have been calibrated and certified	Refer to issue raised in this section.	
11(5)(c) of Schedule 10.7	Confirmation that table 3 tests have been conducted and passed		
11(5)(d) of Schedule 10.7	Confirmation that wiring is correct		
11(5)(e) of Schedule 10.7	Details of tests and checks to confirm the integrity of the installation		
11(6) of Schedule 10.7	Details of compensation factors		
12(5) of Schedule 10.7	Confirmation that components in comparative certified installations are fit for purpose	N/A	
14(2) of Schedule 10.7	Additional integrity checks for insufficient load certification	N/A	
17(1) of Schedule 10.7	Installation certification and expiry date		
22(3) of Schedule 10.7	Percentage error and uncertainty	N/A	
26(4) of Schedule 10.7	Maximum interrogation cycle		
27(5) of Schedule 10.7	Meter certification expiry date		
29(3) of Schedule 10.7	Measuring transformer expiry date		
33(2)(b) of Schedule 10.7	Control device certification expiry date	16	
33(2)(d) of Schedule 10.7	Confirmation that control device is compliant and fit for purpose	16	
37(1) of Schedule 10.7	Data storage device expiry date		
1(1)(d) of Schedule 10.8	Validity period	29	

9(1)(c)(i)(A) of Schedule 10.7	Raw meter data output test load greater than 5% for Cat 1	29	
9(1)(c)(i)(B) of Schedule 10.7	Raw meter data output test load greater than 10A per phase for Cat 2	N/A	
3 of schedule 10.8	Ensure CTs are calibrated prior to certification	N/A	
Table 3	Prevailing load test conducted using a working standard for recertification without meter replacement.		
	Total	124	1

The WEL meters are often a combined meter, data storage device and control device. Whist the control device is integrated, it still needs to have certification details recorded.

As mentioned in the table above, there were some installations that also contained an NGCM meter in series with the WEL meter. I have raised this matter as an issue where guidance is required from the Authority to clarify how certification, certification reports and the registry should be managed in this situation. The table below details the scenarios and the questions requiring clarification.

Scenario	Questions
NGCM is the MEP  NGCM meter was installed in 2015  Certification date is 30/06/15 and expiry date is 30/06/30  WEL installs their meter on 12/11/21  NGCM remains as the MEP	<ol> <li>Is the WEL meter considered part of the metering installation for certification purposes?</li> <li>Assuming the answer to question 1 is yes, does the metering installation certification expiry date stay as 30/06/30?</li> <li>Does the ATH need to provide the 12/11/21 certification report to NGCM as the MEP?</li> <li>Which components should be in the registry?</li> </ol>
NGCM is the MEP  NGCM meter was installed in 2015  Certification date is 30/06/15 and expiry date is 30/06/30  WEL installs their meter on 12/11/21  WEL becomes the MEP	<ol> <li>Is the NGCM meter considered part of the metering installation for certification purposes?</li> <li>Assuming the answer to question 1 is yes, does the metering installation certification expiry date stay as 30/06/30?</li> <li>Which components should be in the registry?</li> </ol>

Issue	Description	Remedial action
Multiple MEOs on category 1 installations.	As mentioned in section 5.1, clarification is required regarding how certification, certification reporting and the registry should be managed when both WEL and NGCM MEPs have meters in series in metering installations.	Authority to provide guidance.

# **Audit outcome**

Non-compliant

Non-compliance	Des	cription	
Audit Ref: 5.1	Some inaccurate certification records.		
With: Clause 4(1)(a)	Potential impact: Low		
and (b) of Schedule 10.6, and Table 1,	Actual impact: Low		
Schedule 11.4	Audit history: None		
From: 01-Feb-21	Controls: Moderate		
To: 06-Nov-21	Breach risk rating: 2		
Audit risk rating	Rationale for	audit risk rating	
Low	The controls are recorded as moderate because they mitigate risk most of the time but there is room for improvement.		
	The impact on settlement and participants is minor; therefore, the audit risk rating is low.		
Actions taken to resolve the issue		Completion date	Remedial action status
Information relating to items referenced by 9(1)(c) and 9(1)(c)(1) of schedule 10.7 are now being collected and included in certification report.		Completed	Identified
Preventative actions taken to ensure no further issues will occur		Completion date	
For items relating to 33(2)(b) and (d) of Schedule 10.7 registry records will be corrected and Certification report altered to record.		31 Dec 2021	
For item relating to 1(1)(d) of Schedule 10.8, certification reports will be altered to include validity period.			

# 5.2. Inspection Reports (Clause 4(2) of Schedule 10.6)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 4(2) of Schedule 10.6

#### **Code related audit information**

The MEP must, within 10 business days of receiving a request from a participant for a signed inspection report prepared under clause 44 of Schedule 10.7, make a copy of the report available to the participant.

#### **Audit observation**

I asked WEL whether any requests had been made for copies of inspection reports.

## **Audit commentary**

WEL has not been requested to supply any inspection reports.

#### Audit outcome

Compliant

# 5.3. Retention of Metering Records (Clause 4(3) of Schedule 10.6)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 4(3) of Schedule 10.6

# **Code related audit information**

The MEP must keep metering installation records for 48 months after any metering component is removed, or any metering installation is decommissioned.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked a directory of metering records from 2017 to confirm compliance.

## **Audit commentary**

WEL keeps records indefinitely. All historic records were available.

# **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 5.4. Provision of Records to ATH (Clause 6 Schedule 10.6)

## **Code reference**

Clause 6 Schedule 10.6

# **Code related audit information**

If the MEP contracts with an ATH to recertify a metering installation and the ATH did not previously certify the metering installation, the MEP must provide the ATH with a copy of all relevant metering records not later than 10 business days after the contract comes into effect.

# **Audit observation**

WEL has provided information to ATH's in the past and this may occur in future. There are no current examples to examine.

# **Audit commentary**

WEL will comply with this requirement as it arises. There are no current examples where this has occurred.

**Audit outcome** 

# 6. MAINTENANCE OF REGISTRY INFORMATION

# 6.1. MEP Response to Switch Notification (Clause 1(1) of Schedule 11.4)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 1(1) of Schedule 11.4

#### Code related audit information

Within 10 business days of being advised by the registry that it is the gaining MEP for the metering installation for the ICP, the MEP must enter into an arrangement with the trader and advise the registry it accepts responsibility for the ICP and of the proposed date on which it will assume responsibility.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked the event detail report for the audit compliance report for the period 1 December 2019 to 16 September 2021 to confirm whether all responses were within 10 business days.

#### **Audit commentary**

I found that there were no late MN files.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 6.2. Provision of Registry Information (Clause 7 (1) (1A), (2) and (3) of Schedule 11.4)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 7 (1), (2) and (3) of Schedule 11.4

# **Code related audit information**

The MEP must provide the information indicated as being 'required' in Table 1 of clause 7 of Schedule 11.4 to the registry manager, in the prescribed form for each metering installation for which the MEP is responsible.

The MEP does not need to provide 'required' information if the information is only for the purpose of a distributor direct billing consumers on its network.

From 1 April 2015, a MEP is required to ensure that all the registry metering records of its category 1 metering installations are complete, accurate, not misleading or deceptive, and not likely to mislead or deceive.

The information the MEP provides to the registry manager must derive from the metering equipment provider's records or the metering records contained within the current trader's system.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked the audit compliance report to identify discrepancies.

# **Audit commentary**

Analysis of the audit compliance report for the period 1 December 2019 to 16 September 2021 for all WEL ICPs found that all registry records were accurate.

#### **Audit outcome**

# 6.3. Correction of Errors in Registry (Clause 6 of Schedule 11.4)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 6 of Schedule 11.4

#### **Code related audit information**

By 0900 hours on the 13th business day of each reconciliation period, the MEP must obtain from the registry:

- a list of ICPs for the metering installations the MEP is responsible for
- the registry metering records for each ICP on that list.

No later than five business days following collection of data from the registry, the MEP must compare the information obtained from the registry with the MEP's own records.

Within five business days of becoming aware of any discrepancy between the MEP's records and the information obtained from the registry, the MEP must correct the records that are in error and advise the registry of any necessary changes to the registry metering records.

#### **Audit observation**

I conducted a walkthrough of the validation processes to confirm compliance. I checked all records in the event detail report to confirm whether the timeliness requirements were being met.

#### **Audit commentary**

WEL conducts a complete validation on the 13<sup>th</sup> and 26<sup>th</sup> of each month in accordance with this clause and any errors are updated within five business days. I viewed a discrepancy report from 4 November 2021 to confirm this.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

#### 6.4. Cancellation of Certification (Clause 20 of Schedule 10.7)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 20 of Schedule 10.7

#### **Code related audit information**

The certification of a metering installation is automatically cancelled on the date on which one of the following events takes place:

- a) the metering installation is modified otherwise than under sub clause 19(3), 19(3A) or 19(3C)
- b) the metering installation is classed as outside the applicable accuracy tolerances set out in Table 1 of Schedule 10.1, defective or not fit for purpose under this Part or any audit
- c) an ATH advises the metering equipment provider responsible for the metering installation of a reference standard or working standard used to certify the metering installation not being compliant with this Part at the time it was used to certify the metering installation, or the failure of a group of meters in the statistical sampling recertification process for the metering installation, or the failure of a certification test for the metering installation
- d) the manufacturer of a metering component in the metering installation determines that the metering component does not comply with the standards to which the metering component was tested
- e) an inspection of the metering installation, that is required under this Part, is not carried out in accordance with the relevant clauses of this Part

- f) if the metering installation has been determined to be a lower category under clause 6 and:
  - a. the MEP has not received the report under 6(2A)(a) or 6(2A)(b); or
  - b. the report demonstrates the maximum current is higher than permitted; or
  - c. the report demonstrates the electricity conveyed exceeds the amount permitted
- g) the metering installation is certified under clause 14 and sufficient load is available for full certification testing and has not been retested under clause 14(4)
- h) a control device in the metering installation certification is, and remains for a period of at least 10 business days, bridged out under clause 35(1)
- i) the metering equipment provider responsible for the metering installation is advised by an ATH under clause 48(6)(b) that a seal has been removed or broken and the accuracy and continued integrity of the metering installation has been affected.
- j) the installation is an HHR AMI installation certified after 29 August 2013 and
  - a. the metering installation is not interrogated within the maximum interrogation cycle; or
  - b. the HHR and NHH register comparison is not performed; or
  - c. the HHR and NHH register comparison for the same period finds a difference of greater than 1 kWh and the issue is not remediated within 3 business days

A metering equipment provider must (unless the installation has been recertified within the 10 business days) within 10 business days of becoming aware that one of the events above has occurred in relation to a metering installation for which it is responsible, update the metering installation's certification expiry date in the registry.

If any of the events in Clause 20(1)(j) of Schedule 10.7 have occurred, update the AMI flag in the registry to 'N'.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked for examples of all of the points listed above, and checked whether certification had been cancelled, and whether the registry had been updated within 10 business days.

#### **Audit commentary**

The only example identified was ICP 0000022125WE134, where an inspection was required between 26 May 2020 and 26 November 2020, which was not conducted. Certification has still not been cancelled.

## **Audit outcome**

Non-compliant

Non-compliance	Des	Description		
Audit Ref: 6.4 With: Clause 20 of	Inspection not conducted and certification not cancelled for ICP 0000022125WE134.			
Schedule 10.7	Potential impact: Medium			
	Actual impact: Unknown			
From: 26-Nov-20	Audit history: None			
To: 06-Nov-21	Controls: Moderate			
	Breach risk rating: 2			
Audit risk rating	Rationale for	r audit risk rating		
Low	The controls are recorded as moderate because they mitigate risk most of the time but there is room for improvement.			
	The impact on settlement and participants is minor; therefore, the audit risk rating is low.			
Actions to	iken to resolve the issue	Completion date	Remedial action status	
The recertification of ICP	has been arranged for 16 Nov 2021.	16 Nov 2021	Identified	
Preventative actions t	Preventative actions taken to ensure no further issues will Completion date			
The recertification of this higher category ICP was dropped due to process gap resulting from the retirement of staff member. This gap will be addressed with the commissioning of a monthly report showing any and all higher (> Cat 1) category ICPs where certification is expiring in next 3 months. These will then be attended to according to whether WASN is the MEP, other party is MEP, or there is no MEP (NSP metering).		Please 31 Dec 2021		

# 6.5. Registry Metering Records (Clause 11.8A)

# **Code reference**

Clause 11.8A

# **Code related audit information**

The MEP must provide the registry with the required metering information for each metering installation the MEP is responsible for and update the registry metering records in accordance with Schedule 11.4.

# **Audit observation**

This clause refers to schedule 11.4 which is discussed in **section 6.2**, apart from the requirement to provide information in the "prescribed form". I checked for examples of WEL not using the prescribed form.

# **Audit commentary**

This clause refers to schedule 11.4 which is discussed in **section 6.2**, apart from the requirement to provide information in the "prescribed form". I checked for examples of WEL not using the prescribed form and did not find any exceptions.

# **Audit outcome**

# 7. CERTIFICATION OF METERING INSTALLATIONS

## 7.1. Certification and Maintenance (Clause 10.38 (a), clause 1 and clause 15 of Schedule 10.7)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 10.38 (a), clause 1 and clause 15 of Schedule 10.7

## **Code related audit information**

The MEP must obtain and maintain certifications for all installations and metering components for which it is responsible. The MEP must ensure it:

- performs regular maintenance, battery replacement, repair/replacement of components of the metering installations
- updates the metering records at the time of the maintenance
- has a recertification programme that will ensure that all installations are recertified prior to expiry.

## **Audit observation**

I conducted the following checks to identify metering installations with expired, cancelled or late certification:

- the audit compliance report for the period 1 December 2019 to 16 September 2021 was checked to identify ICPs with expired certification, and
- the new connections process was checked by using the event detail report, PR255 and the list file to identify ICPs where the certification was not conducted within five business days of energisation.

# **Audit commentary**

The audit compliance report confirmed that there were no ICPs with expired certification.

WEL has a database which includes certification expiry dates. This database confirmed that all metering installations had current certification at the time of the audit. WEL does not have any interim certified metering installations.

As recorded in sections 6.4 and 8.2, the inspection at ICP 0000022125WE134 was not conducted and certification is therefore cancelled.

#### **Audit outcome**

Non-compliance	Description
Audit Ref: 7.1	Certification cancelled for ICP 0000022125WE134
With: Clause 10.38 (a),	Potential impact: Medium
clause 1 and clause 15 of Schedule 10.7	Actual impact: Unknown
	Audit history: None
From: 26-Nov-20	Controls: Strong
To: 05-Nov-21	Breach risk rating: 1
Audit risk rating	Rationale for audit risk rating

Low	The controls are recorded as strong because they mitigate risk to an acceptable level.		
	The impact on settlement and participants is minor; therefore the audit risk rating is low.		
Actions taken to resolve the issue Completic date		Completion date	Remedial action status
Please refer response in section 6.4			Identified
Preventative actions taken to ensure no further issues will occur		Completion date	
Please refer response on section 6.4			

# 7.2. Certification Tests (Clause 10.38(b) and clause 9 of Schedule 10.6)

## **Code reference**

Clause 10.38(b) and clause 9 of Schedule 10.6

# **Code related audit information**

For each metering component and metering installation an MEP is responsible for, the MEP must ensure that:

- an ATH performs the appropriate certification and recertification tests
- the ATH has the appropriate scope of approval to certify and recertify the metering installation.

# **Audit observation**

I checked the certification records for 30 metering installations to confirm compliance.

## **Audit commentary**

As recorded in **section 5.1**, there are some tests with results not recorded and therefore it is not confirmed the tests were conducted. The main tests are:

- record of increment in register value of accumulation of pulses over a measured time,
- record that the register has advanced, and
- raw meter data output test load greater than 5% for Cat 1.

## **Audit outcome**

Non-compliance	Des	cription	
Audit Ref: 7.2	Some certification tests not recorded by	/ ATHs.	
With: Clause 10.38(b)	Potential impact: Medium		
and clause 9 of Schedule 10.6	Actual impact: Low		
Schedule 10.0	Audit history: None		
From: 01-Feb-21	Controls: Moderate		
To: 06-Nov-21	Breach risk rating: 2		
Audit risk rating	Rationale for	audit risk rating	
Low	The controls are recorded as moderate because they mitigate risk most of the time but there is room for improvement.  The impact on settlement and participants is minor; therefore, the audit risk rating is low.		
Actions taken to resolve the issue Completion date		Completion date	Remedial action status
[Please refer to response in section 5.1			Identified
Preventative actions taken to ensure no further issues will occur		Completion date	
Please refer to response in section 5.1			

# 7.3. Active and Reactive Capability (Clause 10.37(1) and 10.37(2)(a))

# **Code reference**

Clause 10.37(1) and 10.37(2)(a)

## **Code related audit information**

For any category 2 or higher half-hour metering installation that is certified after 29 August 2013, the MEP must ensure that the installation has active and reactive measuring and recording capability.

Consumption only installations that is a category 3 metering installation or above must measure and separately record:

- a) import active energy
- b) import reactive energy
- c) export reactive energy.

Consumption only installations that are a category 2 metering installation must measure and separately record import active energy.

All other installations must measure and separately record:

- a) import active energy
- b) export active energy
- c) import reactive energy
- d) export reactive energy.

All grid connected POCs with metering installations which are certified after 29 August 2013 should measure and separately record:

- a) import active energy
- b) export active energy
- c) import reactive energy
- d) export reactive energy

#### **Audit observation**

All relevant metering is compliant with this clause.

## **Audit commentary**

WEL has some metering installations above Category 1, and they record energy in accordance with this clause.

## **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 7.4. Local Service Metering (Clause 10.37(2)(b))

#### **Code reference**

Clause 10.37(2)(b)

#### Code related audit information

The accuracy of each local service metering installation in grid substations must be within the tolerances set out in Table 1 of Schedule 10.1.

# **Audit observation**

This clause relates to Transpower as an MEP.

# **Audit commentary**

This clause relates to Transpower as an MEP.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 7.5. Measuring Transformer Burden (Clause 30(1) and 31(2) of Schedule 10.7)

# **Code reference**

Clause 30(1) and 31(2) of Schedule 10.7

#### Code related audit information

The MEP must not permit a measuring transformer to be connected to equipment used for a purpose other than metering, unless it is not practical for the equipment to have a separate measuring transformer.

The MEP must ensure that a change to, or addition of, a measuring transformer burden or a compensation factor related to a measuring transformer is carried out only by:

- a) the ATH who most recently certified the metering installation
- b) for a POC to the grid, by a suitably qualified person approved by both the MEP and the ATH who most recently certified the metering installation.

### **Audit observation**

I asked WEL if there were any examples of burden changes or the addition of non-metering equipment being connected to metering CTs.

# **Audit commentary**

There are no examples of burden changes having occurred.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 7.6. Certification as a Lower Category (Clauses 6(1)(b) and (d), and 6(2)(b) of Schedule 10.7)

## **Code reference**

Clauses 6(1)(b) and (d), and 6(2)(b) of Schedule 10.7

# **Code related audit information**

A category 2 or higher metering installation may be certified by an ATH at a lower category than would be indicated solely on the primary rating of the current if the MEP, based on historical metering data, reasonably believes that:

- the maximum current will at all times during the intended certification period be lower than the current setting of the protection device for the category for which the metering installation is certified, or is required to be certified by the Code; or
- the metering installation will use less than 0.5 GWh in any 12-month period.

If a metering installation is categorised under clause 6(1)(b), the ATH may, if it considers appropriate, and, at the MEP's request, determine the metering installation's category according to the metering installation's expected maximum current.

If a meter is certified in this manner:

- the MEP must, each month, obtain a report from the participant interrogating the metering installation, which details the maximum current from raw meter data from the metering installation by either calculation from the kVA by trading period, if available, or from a maximum current indicator if fitted in the metering installation conveyed through the point of connection for the prior month; and
- if the MEP does not receive a report, or the report demonstrates that the maximum current conveyed through the POC was higher than permitted for the metering installation category it is certified for, then the certification for the metering installation is automatically cancelled.

### **Audit observation**

There are no examples of certification at a lower category.

#### **Audit commentary**

There are no examples of certification at a lower category.

## **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 7.7. Insufficient Load for Certification Tests (Clauses 14(3) and (4) of Schedule 10.7)

#### **Code reference**

Clauses 14(3) and (4) of Schedule 10.7

#### Code related audit information

If there is insufficient electricity conveyed through a POC to allow the ATH to complete a prevailing load test for a metering installation that is being certified as a half hour meter and the ATH certifies the metering installation the MEP must:

- obtain and monitor raw meter data from the metering installation at least once each calendar month to determine if load during the month is sufficient for a prevailing load test to be completed:
- if there is sufficient load, arrange for an ATH to complete the tests (within 20 business days).

### **Audit observation**

I checked if there were any examples of insufficient load certifications.

# **Audit commentary**

There are no examples of insufficient load certifications.

#### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 7.8. Insufficient Load for Certification – Cancellation of Certification (Clause 14(6) of Schedule 10.7)

## **Code reference**

Clause 14(6) of Schedule 10.7

#### Code related audit information

If the tests conducted under clause 14(4) of Schedule 10.7 demonstrate that the metering installation is not within the relevant maximum permitted error:

- the metering installation certification is automatically revoked:
- the certifying ATH must advise the MEP of the cancellation within 1 business day:
- the MEP must follow the procedure for handling faulty metering installations (clause 10.43 -10.48).

### **Audit observation**

There are no examples of insufficient load certifications.

## **Audit commentary**

There are no examples of insufficient load certifications.

# **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 7.9. Alternative Certification Requirements (Clauses 32(2), (3) and (4) of Schedule 10.7)

#### **Code reference**

Clauses 32(2), (3) and (4) of Schedule 10.7

#### **Code related audit information**

If an ATH cannot comply with the requirements to certify a metering installation due to measuring transformer access issues, and therefore certifies the metering installation in accordance with clause 32(1) of Schedule 10.7, the MEP must:

- advise the market administrator, by no later than 10 business days after the date of certification of the metering installation, of the details in clause 32(2)(a) of Schedule 10.7
- respond, within 5 business days, to any requests from the market administrator for additional information
- ensure that all of the details are recorded in the metering installation certification report
- take all steps to ensure that the metering installation is certified before the certification expiry date.

If the market administrator determines the ATH could have obtained access the metering installation is deemed to be defective, and the MEP must follow the process of handling faults metering installations in clauses 10.43 to 10.48.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked the registry records to confirm whether alternative certification had been applied.

# **Audit commentary**

Alternative certification has not been applied to any metering installations.

### **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

## 7.10. Timekeeping Requirements (Clause 23 of Schedule 10.7)

# **Code reference**

Clause 23 of Schedule 10.7

## **Code related audit information**

If a time keeping device that is not remotely monitored and corrected controls the switching of a meter register in a metering installation, the MEP must ensure that the time keeping device:

- a) has a time keeping error of not greater than an average of two seconds per day over a period of 12 months
- b) is monitored and corrected at least once every 12 months.

## **Audit observation**

I asked WEL whether there were any metering installations with time switches.

## **Audit commentary**

WEL confirmed there are no metering installations which have time switches.

#### **Audit outcome**

# 7.11. Control Device Bridged Out (Clause 35 of Schedule 10.7)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 35 of Schedule 10.7

#### **Code related audit information**

The participant must, within 10 business days of bridging out a control device or becoming aware of a control device being bridged out, notify the following parties:

- the relevant reconciliation participant
- the relevant metering equipment provider.

If the control device is used for reconciliation, the metering installation is considered defective in accordance with 10.43.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked the process for the management of bridged control devices, and I checked whether any notifications were required to other parties.

## **Audit commentary**

There were 91 installations where control devices were bridged for a period of three days. This work was arranged by WEL as a distributor, not WEL as an MEP, therefore the notification responsibility to traders is with WEL distributor. There were no other examples to examine.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 7.12. Control Device Reliability Requirements (Clause 34(5) of Schedule 10.7)

## **Code reference**

Clause 34(5) of Schedule 10.7

## **Code related audit information**

If the MEP is advised by an ATH that the likelihood of a control device not receiving signals would affect the accuracy or completeness of the information for the purposes of Part 15, the MEP must, within three business days inform the following parties of the ATH's determination (including all relevant details):

- a) the reconciliation participant for the POC for the metering installation
- b) the control signal provider.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked the steps WEL had taken to identify regions with signal propagation issues.

#### **Audit commentary**

WEL has not received notification from ATHs in accordance with this clause. WEL is also a distributor and is not aware of any areas with poor propagation of control signals.

## **Audit outcome**

# 7.13. Statistical Sampling (Clauses 16(1) and (5) of Schedule 10.7)

#### **Code reference**

Clauses 16(1) and (5) of Schedule 10.7

#### **Code related audit information**

The MEP may arrange for an ATH to recertify a group of category 1 metering installations for which the MEP is responsible using a statistical sampling process.

The MEP must update the registry in accordance with Part 11 on the advice of an ATH as to whether the group meets the recertification requirements.

## **Audit observation**

I checked whether statistical sampling had occurred during the audit period.

## **Audit commentary**

WEL has not conducted any statistical sampling during the audit period.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 7.14. Compensation Factors (Clause 24(3) of Schedule 10.7)

## **Code reference**

Clause 24(3) of Schedule 10.7

## **Code related audit information**

If an external compensation factor must be applied to a metering installation that is an NSP, the MEP must advise the reconciliation participant responsible for the metering installation of the compensation factor within 10 days of certification of the installation.

In all other cases the MEP must update the compensation factor recorded in the registry in accordance with Part 11.

## **Audit observation**

I checked the records for all Category 2 and 3 metering installations to confirm that compensation factors were correctly recorded on the registry.

## **Audit commentary**

Compensation factors have been updated accurately on the registry. Checking the records for three ICPs confirmed this.

## **Audit outcome**

# 7.15. Metering Installations Incorporating a Meter (Clause 26(1) of Schedule 10.7)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 26(1) of Schedule 10.7

#### Code related audit information

The MEP must ensure that each meter in a metering installation it is responsible for is certified.

### **Audit observation**

I checked the certification records for 30 metering installations to confirm compliance.

## **Audit commentary**

There were five metering installations where an NGCM meter was also present. There was no certification date recorded for the NGCM meters, but there is no indication the meters were not certified. All WEL meters were certified.

## **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 7.16. Metering Installations Incorporating a Measuring Transformer (Clause 28(1) of Schedule 10.7)

## **Code reference**

Clause 28(1) of Schedule 10.7

## **Code related audit information**

The MEP must ensure that each measuring transformer in a metering installation it is responsible for is certified.

## **Audit observation**

I checked the certification records for the one category 3 metering installation completed to confirm compliance.

## **Audit commentary**

The current transformers were certified for this installation.

## **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 7.17. Metering Installations Incorporating a Data Storage Device (Clause 36(1) of Schedule 10.7)

# **Code reference**

Clause 36(1) of Schedule 10.7

## **Code related audit information**

The MEP must ensure that each data storage device in a metering installation it is responsible for is certified.

# **Audit observation**

I checked the certification records for 30 metering installations to confirm compliance.

# **Audit commentary**

The 30 certification records that I checked confirmed that the data storage devices are being correctly certified as part of the meter certification.

## **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 7.18. Notification of ATH Approval (Clause 7 (3) Schedule 10.3)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 7 (3) Schedule 10.3

# **Code related audit information**

If the MEP is notified by the Authority that an ATH's approval has expired, been cancelled or been revised, the MEP must treat all metering installations certified by the ATH during the period where the ATH was not approved to perform the activities as being defective and follow the procedures set out in 10.43 to 10.48.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked the ATH register to confirm compliance.

# **Audit commentary**

The WEL and Accucal ATHs have appropriate approval.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 7.19. Interim Certification (Clause 18 of Schedule 10.7)

# **Code reference**

Clause 18 of Schedule 10.7

# **Code related audit information**

The MEP must ensure that each interim certified metering installation on 28 August 2013 is certified by no later than 1 April 2015.

## **Audit observation**

I checked the registry records to identify any ICPs with interim certification recorded.

## **Audit commentary**

WEL did not have any interim certified metering installations.

# **Audit outcome**

# 8. INSPECTION OF METERING INSTALLATIONS

## 8.1. Category 1 Inspections (Clause 45 of Schedule 10.7)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 45 of Schedule 10.7

## **Code related audit information**

The MEP must ensure that category 1 metering installations (other than interim certified metering installations):

- have been inspected by an ATH within 126 months from the date of the metering installation's most recent certification or
- for each 12-month period, commencing 1 January and ending 31 December, ensure an ATH has completed inspections of a sample of the category 1 metering installations selected under clause 45(2) of Schedule 10.7.

Before a sample inspection process can be carried out, the MEP must submit a documented process for selecting the sample to the Electricity Authority, at least 2 months prior to first date on which the inspections are to be carried out, for approval (and promptly provide any other information the Authority may request).

The MEP must not inspect a sample unless the Authority has approved the documented process.

The MEP must, for each inspection conducted under clause 45(1)(b), keep records detailing:

- any defects identified that have affected the accuracy or integrity of the raw meter data recorded by the metering installation
- any discrepancies identified under clause 44(5)(b)
- relevant characteristics, sufficient to enable reporting of correlations or relationships between inaccuracy and characteristics
- the procedure used, and the lists generated, to select the sample under clause 45(2).

The MEP must, if it believes a metering installation that has been inspected is or could be inaccurate, defective or not fit for purpose:

- comply with clause 10.43
- arrange for an ATH to recertify the metering installation if the metering is found to be inaccurate under Table 1 of Schedule 10.1, or defective or not fit for purpose.

The MEP must by 1 April in each year, provide the Authority with a report that states whether the MEP has, for the previous 1 January to 31 December period, arranged for an ATH to inspect each category 1 metering installation for which it is responsible under clause 45(1)(a) or 45(1)(b).

This report must include the matters specified in clauses 45(8)(a) and (b).

If the MEP is advised by the Authority that the tests do not meet the requirements under clause 45(9) of Schedule 10.7, the MEP must select the additional sample under that clause, carry out the required inspections, and report to the Authority, within 40 business days of being advised by the Authority.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked the process and the reporting for the 2020 calendar year.

## **Audit commentary**

WEL was required to inspect 80 installations, but only 45 were inspected due to an incorrect selection. Ordinarily I would record non-compliance, based on the following wording of the Code that was in place at the time the inspections were conducted:

"...for each 12 month period commencing 1 January and ending 31 December, a sample, selected under subclause (2), of the category 1 metering installations for which it is responsible has been inspected by an ATH within the period set out in Table 1 of Schedule 10.1 starting from the date of the earliest certification date of a metering installation in the group."

Clause 20(1) of Schedule 10.7 goes on to say:

"The certification of a metering installation is automatically cancelled on the date on which any 1 of the following events takes place ... an inspection of the metering installation, that is required under this Part, is not carried out in accordance with the relevant clauses of this Part."

On 23/04/19, the Authority provided clarification that: "The Code requirements for inspections of category 1 metering installations undertaken using statistical sampling are insufficiently clear as to when and how the sample inspections must be performed and completed." Which means that certification is not cancelled even though the full number of inspections were not completed within the period 01/01/20 to 31/12/20.

The Code was changed on 01/02/21 to provide greater clarity.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 8.2. Category 2 to 5 Inspections (Clause 46(1) of Schedule 10.7)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 46(1) of Schedule 10.7

## Code related audit information

The MEP must ensure that each category 2 or higher metering installation is inspected by an ATH at least once within the applicable period. The applicable period begins from the date of the metering installation's most recent certification and extends to:

- 120 months for Category 2
- 60 months for Category 3
- 30 months for Category 4
- 18 months for Category 5.

# **Audit observation**

I checked the registry information to confirm which ICPs were due for inspection.

## **Audit commentary**

ICP 0000022125WE134 was due to be inspected between 26 May 2020 and 26 November 2020, but the inspection was not conducted. Certification is cancelled and the registry is yet to be updated.

## **Audit outcome**

Non-compliance	Des	cription	
Audit Ref: 8.2	Inspection not conducted for ICP 00000	22125WE134.	
With: Clause 46(1) of	Potential impact: Medium		
Schedule 10.7	Actual impact: Unknown		
	Audit history: None		
From: 26-Nov-20	Controls: Moderate		
To: 06-Nov-21	Breach risk rating: 2		
Audit risk rating	Rationale for audit risk rating		
Low	The controls are recorded as moderate because they mitigate risk most of the time but there is room for improvement.		
	The impact on settlement and participants is minor; therefore, the audit risk rating is low.		
Actions ta	Actions taken to resolve the issue Completion date		Remedial action status
Please refer response in section 6.4			Identified
Preventative actions taken to ensure no further issues will occur		Completion date	
Please refer response in section 6.4			

# 8.3. Inspection Reports (Clause 44(5) of Schedule 10.7)

# **Code reference**

Clause 44(5) of Schedule 10.7

# **Code related audit information**

The MEP must, within 20 business days of receiving an inspection report from an ATH:

- undertake a comparison of the information received with its own records
- investigate and correct any discrepancies
- update the metering records in the registry.

## **Audit observation**

I checked the process and results from inspection regimes to ensure any incorrect records were updated.

# **Audit commentary**

WEL is currently conducting a statistical sample inspection of category 1 metering installations. I checked an example of an inspection form and confirmed that the WEL process included a comparison with the metering records which was completed within 20 days.

# **Audit outcome**

# 8.4. Broken or removed seals (Clause 48(1G), (4) and (5) of Schedule 10.7)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 48(4) and (5) of Schedule 10.7

## **Code related audit information**

If the MEP is advised of a broken or removed seal it must use reasonable endeavours to determine

- a) who removed or broke the seal,
- b) the reason for the removal or breakage.

and arrange for an ATH to carry out an inspection of the removal or breakage and determine any work required to remedy the removal or breakage.

The MEP must make the above arrangements within

- a) 3 business days, if the metering installation is category 3 or higher
- b) 10 business days if the metering installation is category 2
- c) 20 business days if the metering installation is category 1.

If the MEP is advised under 48(1B)(c) or (48(1F)(d) the MEP must update the relevant meter register content code for the relevant meter channel.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked if there were any examples of notification of missing seals.

## **Audit commentary**

WEL advised that there no examples of notification of missing seals.

WEL has a documented process in place for the management of seals and any subsequent investigation and reporting.

# **Audit outcome**

# 9. PROCESS FOR HANDLING FAULTY METERING INSTALLATIONS

# 9.1. Investigation of Faulty Metering Installations (Clause 10.43(4) and (5))

## **Code reference**

Clause 10.43(4) and (5)

## **Code related audit information**

If the MEP is advised or becomes aware that a metering installation may be inaccurate, defective, or not fit for purpose, it must investigate and report on the situation to all affected participants as soon as reasonably practicable after becoming aware of the information, but no later than:

- a) 20 business days for Category 1,
- b) 10 business days for Category 2 and
- c) 5 business days for Category 3 or higher.

## **Audit observation**

I checked an example where WEL had become aware of a faulty metering installation.

# **Audit commentary**

WEL has a documented process in place for the management of faulty metering installations and any subsequent investigation and reporting.

I checked an example of a meter that was reported as potentially faulty by the trader. The request from the trader was sent on 11 September 2021, the meter was replaced on 14 September 2021, but notification to the trader was not sent until 3 November 2021, which does not meet the 20-business day requirement.

### **Audit outcome**

Non-compliance	Des	cription	
Audit Ref: 9.1 With: Clause 10.43(4)	Faulty metering notification not provided within 20 business days for ICP 0080050190WEB67.		
and (5)	Potential impact: Low		
	Actual impact: Low		
From: 13-Oct-21	Audit history: None		
To: 03-Nov-21	Controls: Moderate		
	Breach risk rating: 2		
Audit risk rating	Rationale for	r audit risk rating	
Low	The controls are recorded as moderate because they mitigate risk most of the time but there is room for improvement.		
	The impact on settlement and participants is minor; therefore, the audit risk rating is low.		
-		Completion date	Remedial action status
Nothing required to resol	lve this instance	Completed	Cleared
Preventative actions taken to ensure no further issues will occur		Completion date	
In this instance the initial paperwork returned from the field contractor for the meter change contained confusing/incorrect ICP information. In the process liaising with contractor to correct, the update to the retailer was overlooked.  Staff training has been undertaken to emphasise the timeliness of retailer updates.		Completed	

# 9.2. Testing of Faulty Metering Installations (Clause 10.44)

## **Code reference**

Clause 10.44

# **Code related audit information**

If a report prepared under clause 10.43(4)(c) demonstrates that a metering installation is inaccurate, defective, or not fit for purpose, the MEP must arrange for an ATH to test the metering installation and provide a 'statement of situation'.

If the MEP is advised by a participant under clause 10.44(2)(a) that the participant disagrees with the report that demonstrates that the metering installation is accurate, not defective and fit for purpose, the MEP must arrange for an ATH to:

- a) test the metering installation
- b) provide the MEP with a statement of situation within five business days of:
- c) becoming aware that the metering installation may be inaccurate, defective or not fit for purpose; or

d) reaching an agreement with the participant.

The MEP is responsible for ensuring the ATH carries out testing as soon as practicable and provides a statement of situation.

## **Audit observation**

I checked for examples where WEL had become aware of faulty metering installations which required testing.

## **Audit commentary**

ICP 0080050190WEB67 had a faulty meter replaced and the certification records constitute a "statement of situation".

WEL has a documented process in place for the management of faulty metering installations, and any subsequent investigation and reporting.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 9.3. Statement of Situation (Clause 10.46(2))

#### **Code reference**

Clause10.46(2)

## **Code related audit information**

Within three business days of receiving the statement from the ATH, the MEP must provide copies of the statement to:

- the relevant affected participants
- the market administrator (for all category 3 and above metering installations and any category 1 and category 2 metering installations) on request.

## **Audit observation**

I checked an example where WEL had become aware of faulty metering installation.

## **Audit commentary**

The information returned by the ATH was not provided to the trader within three business days.

#### **Audit outcome**

Non-compliance	Des	cription	
Audit Ref: 9.3 With: Clause 10.46(2)	Trader not updated within three business days regarding a faulty meter at ICP 0080050190WEB67  Potential impact: Low		
From: 14-Sep-21	Actual impact: Low Audit history: None		
To: 20-Sep-21	Controls: Moderate Breach risk rating: 2		
Audit risk rating	Rationale for audit risk rating		
Low	The controls are recorded as moderate because they mitigate risk most of the time but there is room for improvement.		
	The impact on settlement and participa is low.	nts is minor; there	efore, the audit risk rating
Actions ta	Actions taken to resolve the issue Complete date		Remedial action status
Please refer- to response in section 9.1.			Cleared
Preventative actions taken to ensure no further issues will occur		Completion date	
Please refer- to response in section 9.1.			

# 9.4. Timeframe for correct defects and inaccuracies (Clause10.46A)

# **Code reference**

# Clause10.46A

# **Code related audit information**

When the metering equipment provider is advised under 10.43 or becomes aware a metering installation it is responsible for is inaccurate, defective or not fit for purpose the metering equipment provider must undertake remedial actions to address the issue.

The metering equipment provider must use its best endeavours to complete the remedial action within 10 business days of the date it is required to provide a report to participants under 10.43(4)(c).

## **Audit observation**

I checked an example where WEL had become aware of faulty metering installation.

# **Audit commentary**

The remedial actions were undertaken within three days.

# **Audit outcome**

# 9.5. Meter bridging (Clause 10.33C)

# **Code reference**

Clause 10.33(C)

# **Code related audit information**

An MEP may only electrically connect an ICP in a way that bypasses a meter that is in place ("bridging") if the MEP has been authorised by the responsible trader.

The MEP can then only proceed with bridging the meter if, despite best endeavours:

- the MEP is unable to remotely electrically connect the ICP
- the MEP cannot repair a fault with the meter due to safety concerns
- the consumer will likely be without electricity for a period which would cause significant disadvantage to the consumer

If the MEP bridges a meter, the MEP must notify the responsible trader within one business day and include the date of bridging in its advice.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked for examples of bridged meters.

## **Audit commentary**

There were no examples of bridged meters.

## **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 10. ACCESS TO AND PROVISION OF RAW METER DATA AND METERING INSTALLATIONS

## 10.1. Access to Raw Meter Data (Clause 1 of Schedule 10.6)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 1 of Schedule 10.6

## **Code related audit information**

The MEP must give authorised parties access to raw meter data within 10 business days of receiving the authorised party making a request.

The MEP must only give access to raw meter data to a trader or person, if that trader or person has entered into a contract to collect, obtain, and use the raw meter data with the end customer.

The MEP must provide the following when giving a party access to information:

- a) the raw meter data; or
- b) the means (codes, keys etc.) to enable the party to access the raw meter data.

The MEP must, when providing raw meter data or access to an authorised person use appropriate procedures to ensure that:

- the raw meter data is received only by that authorised person or a contractor to the person
- the security of the raw meter data and the metering installation is maintained
- access to the raw meter data is limited to only the specific raw meter data under clause 1(7)(c) of Schedule 10.6.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked whether any parties had requested access to raw meter data.

# **Audit commentary**

No requests have been received, but WEL advised access could be granted in accordance with this clause if necessary.

### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 10.2. Restrictions on Use of Raw Meter Data (Clause 2 of Schedule 10.6)

# **Code reference**

Clause 2 of Schedule 10.6

## Code related audit information

The MEP must not give an authorised person access to raw meter data if to do so would breach clause 2(1) of Schedule 10.6.

## **Audit observation**

I checked whether any parties had requested access to raw meter data.

### **Audit commentary**

No requests have been received, but WEL advised access could be granted in accordance with this clause if necessary.

## **Audit outcome**

# 10.3. Access to Metering Installations (Clause 3(1), (3) and (4) of Schedule 10.6)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 3(1), (3) and (4) of Schedule 10.6

#### **Code related audit information**

The MEP must within 10 business days of receiving a request from one of the following parties, arrange physical access to each component in a metering installation:

- a relevant reconciliation participant with whom it has an arrangement (other than a trader)
- the Authority
- an ATH
- an auditor
- a gaining MEP.

This access must include all necessary means to enable the party to access the metering components

When providing access, the MEP must ensure that the security of the metering installation is maintained and physical access is limited to only the access required for the purposes of the Code, regulations in connection with the party's administration, audit and testing functions.

## **Audit observation**

I checked whether any parties had requested access to metering installations.

## **Audit commentary**

No requests have been received, but WEL advised access could be granted in accordance with this clause if necessary.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 10.4. Urgent Access to Metering Installations (Clause 3(5) of Schedule 10.6)

#### Code reference

Clause 3(5) of Schedule 10.6

## **Code related audit information**

If the party requires urgent physical access to a metering installation, the MEP must use its best endeavours to arrange physical access.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked whether any parties had requested access to metering installations.

#### **Audit commentary**

No requests have been received, but WEL advised access could be granted in accordance with this clause if necessary.

# **Audit outcome**

# 10.5. Electronic Interrogation of Metering Installations (Clause 8 of Schedule 10.6)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 8 of Schedule 10.6

### **Code related audit information**

When raw meter data can only be obtained from an MEP's back office, the MEP must

- ensure that the interrogation cycle does not exceed the maximum interrogation cycle shown in the registry
- interrogate the metering installation at least once within each maximum interrogation cycle.

When raw meter data can only be obtained from an MEP's back office, the MEP must ensure that the internal clock is accurate, to within  $\pm 5$  seconds of:

- New Zealand standard time; or
- New Zealand daylight time.

When raw meter data can only be obtained from an MEP's back office, the MEP must record in the interrogation and processing system logs, the time, the date, and the extent of any change in the internal clock setting in the metering installation.

The MEP must compare the time on the internal clock of the data storage device with the time on the interrogation and processing system clock, calculate and correct (if required by this provision) any time error, and advise the affected reconciliation participant.

When raw meter data can only be obtained from an MEP's back office, the MEP must, when interrogating a metering installation, download the event log, check the event log for evidence of an events that may affect the integrity or operation of the metering installation, such as malfunctioning or tampering.

The MEP must investigate and remediate any events and advise the reconciliation participant.

The MEP must ensure that all raw meter data that can only be obtained from the MEPs back office, that is downloaded as part of an interrogation, and that is used for submitting information for the purpose of Part 15 is archived:

- for no less than 48 months after the interrogation date
- in a form that cannot be modified without creating an audit trail
- in a form that is secure and prevents access by any unauthorised person
- in a form that is accessible to authorised personnel.

## **Audit observation**

I requested reporting on interrogation cycle to confirm compliance.

I checked the security and storage of data by looking at examples of data more than 48 months old.

### **Audit commentary**

Interval data is collected every six hours. Register data is collected daily and the devices have a storage capacity of more than 365 days.

WEL has an automated process to update the AMI flags in the registry for meters based on the meter communication status. When a meter has failed to communicate for 20 days the ICP is changed to AMI-non communicating. When communications are restored the ICP is returned to AMI communicated. This process ensures that the maximum interrogation cycle of the meter is not exceeded.

# **Audit outcome**

# 10.6. Security of Metering Data (Clause 10.15(2))

#### **Code reference**

Clause 10.15(2)

#### **Code related audit information**

The MEP must take reasonable security measures to prevent loss or unauthorised access, use, modification or disclosure of the metering data.

#### **Audit observation**

I checked the security and storage of data by looking at examples of data more than 48 months old.

## **Audit commentary**

All data is provided to reconciliation participants via secure FTP, and password security is in place to prevent unauthorised access.

#### **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 10.7. Time Errors for Metering Installations (Clause 8(4) of Schedule 10.6)

## **Code reference**

Clause 8(4) of Schedule 10.6

#### Code related audit information

When raw meter data can only be obtained from the MEPs back office, the MEP must ensure that the data storage device it interrogates does not exceed the maximum time error set out in Table 1 of clause 8(5) of Schedule 10.6.

## **Audit observation**

I conducted a walkthrough of the management of time errors, and I checked the relevant reports.

## **Audit commentary**

The MEP must ensure that a data storage device in a metering installation does not exceed the maximum time error set out in Table 1 of clause 8(5) of Schedule 10.6. The MEP must compare the time on the internal clock of the data storage device with the time on the interrogation and processing system clock, calculate and correct (if required by this provision) any time error, and advise the affected reconciliation participant. The relevant part of this table is shown below:

Metering Installation Category	HHR Metering Installations (seconds)	NHH Metering Installations (seconds)
1	±30	±60
2	±10	±60

During interrogation the system time is compared to the meter time. Any clock errors between 10 seconds and 20 minutes are automatically synchronised and a report is sent to retailers with the details. If a clock error over 20 minutes occurs, the matter is referred to Silverspring for their action, which may involve a manual time synchronisation. This normally only occurs with some new meters which may have time drift while sitting in stock. WEL provided examples of clock synchronisation and other events which were sent to retailers.

WEL provided details of 218 time synchronisation events where the time difference was outside the allowable threshold. This is recorded as non-compliance.

The reporting to traders does not contain the correct fields, the "old time" and the "new time" contain the same date and time. I recommend the reporting is reviewed and changed to include the correct times.

Recommendation	Description	Audited party comment	Remedial action
Regarding Clause 8(4) of Schedule 10.6	Review and change clock synchronisation reporting to ensure the old and new times are correctly reported.	We will look to alter the reporting to display correctly	Identified

# **Audit outcome**

Non-compliance	Description		
Audit Ref: 10.7	218 examples of clock errors outside the allowable thresholds.		
With: Clause 8(4) of	Potential impact: Medium		
Schedule 10.6	Actual impact: Low		
	Audit history: Once		
From: 23-Aug-21	Controls: Strong		
To: 21-Sep-21	Breach risk rating: 1		
Audit risk rating	Rationale for	audit risk rating	
Low	The controls are recorded as moderate because they mitigate risk to an acceptable level.		
	The impact on settlement and participants is minor; therefore, the audit risk rating is low.		
Actions to	iken to resolve the issue	Completion date	Remedial action status
We understand our obligation in maintaining accurate time synchronisation and believe our process is sound to discover and correct when time drift occurs.		Completed	Identified
Preventative actions taken to ensure no further issues will occur		Completion date	
See above			

# 10.8. Event Logs (Clause 8(7) of Schedule 10.6)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 8(7) of Schedule 10.6

## **Code related audit information**

When raw meter data can only be obtained from the MEP's back office, the MEP must, when interrogating a metering installation:

- a) ensure an interrogation log is generated
- *b)* review the event log and:
  - i. take appropriate action
  - ii. pass the relevant entries to the reconciliation participant.
- c) ensure the log forms part of an audit trail which includes:
  - i. the date and
  - ii. time of the interrogation
  - iii. operator (where available)
  - iv. unique ID of the data storage device
  - v. any clock errors outside specified limits
  - vi. method of interrogation
  - vii. identifier of the reading device used (if applicable).

# **Audit observation**

I conducted a walkthrough of the event management process, and I checked the most recent report sent to all relevant retailers.

# **Audit commentary**

WEL downloads the event log as required by this clause. All events are sent to reconciliation participants, but the Code also requires the MEP to review the event log before it is sent. This review is not routinely conducted as required.

## **Audit outcome**

Non-compliance	Description
Audit Ref: 10.8	Event logs not routinely reviewed by WEL.
With: Clause 8(7) of	Potential impact: Low
Schedule 10.6	Actual impact: Low
	Audit history: None
From: 01-Feb-21	Controls: Weak
To: 06-Nov-21	Breach risk rating: 3
Audit risk rating	Rationale for audit risk rating
Low	The controls are recorded as weak because although events are sent to reconciliation participants, the Code also requires the MEP to review all events.
	The impact on settlement and participants is minor; therefore, the audit risk rating is low.

Actions taken to resolve the issue	Completion date	Remedial action status
See below		Identified
Preventative actions taken to ensure no further issues will occur	Completion date	
We will instigate a process of reviewing of event logs at the time they are sent to retailers.	30 Nov 2021	

## 10.9. Comparison of HHR Data with Register Data (Clause 8(9) of Schedule 10.6)

## **Code reference**

Clause 8(9) of Schedule 10.6

## **Code related audit information**

When raw meter data can only be obtained from the MEP's back office, the MEP must ensure that each electronic interrogation that retrieves half-hour metering information compares the information against the increment of the metering installations accumulating meter registers for the same period.

## **Audit observation**

I conducted a walkthrough of the sum-check process, and I checked the most recent reporting.

## **Audit commentary**

WEL has a process where the midnight reads are compared with HHR data. If there is a difference, then a report is generated. The threshold is set at 0.1 kWh. Data sent to traders contains a status of "P" for pass, "F" for fail and "N" indicating some data is missing and sum-check cannot occur. If data is missing then the sum-check needs to occur once all data is present, for example if data is not complete for four business days but is complete on the fifth business day, then sum-check needs to occur for the five-day period. During the audit reporting was run to confirm there were no such examples, and whilst there were no examples, I recommend a process is developed to ensure sum-check occurs for the period where full data is available.

Recommendation	Description	Audited party comment	Remedial action
Regarding clause 8(9) of Schedule 10.6	Develop a process to conduct sum-check over a longer period once all data is available.	We will introduce this check.	Identified

Clause 20(1)(j) of schedule 10.7 stipulates that certification is cancelled if there is a "fail "and it is not remedied within three business days. There were no examples present but I recommend reporting is developed and reviewed to show examples where a "fail" has occurred and is still present after three days.

Recommendation	Description	Audited party comment	Remedial action
Regarding clause 8(9) of Schedule 10.6	Develop reporting to show ICPs where a sum-check "fail" has occurred and is not resolved within three business days.	We will include this reporting.	Identified

## **Audit outcome**

Compliant

# 10.10.Correction of Raw Meter Data (Clause 10.48(2),(3))

### **Code reference**

Clause 10.48(2),(3)

#### Code related audit information

If the MEP is notified of a question or request for clarification in accordance with clause 10.48(1), the MEP must, within 10 business days:

- respond in detail to the questions or requests for clarification
- advise the reconciliation participant responsible for providing submission information for the POC of the correction factors to apply and period the factors should apply to.

#### **Audit observation**

WEL has not received any requests in relation to this clause.

## **Audit commentary**

WEL has not received any requests in relation to this clause.

# **Audit outcome**

Not applicable

# 10.11.Raw meter data and compensation factors (Clause 8(10) of Schedule 10.6)

#### **Code reference**

Clause 8(10) of Schedule 10.6

## **Code related audit information**

The MEP must not apply the compensation factor recorded in the registry to raw meter data downloaded as part of the interrogation of the metering installation.

# **Audit observation**

I checked whether compensation factors were applied by WEL.

# **Audit commentary**

Compensation factors are not applied by WEL.

## **Audit outcome**

# 10.12. Investigation of AMI interrogation failures (Clause 8(11), 8(12) and 8(13) of Schedule 10.6)

## **Code reference**

Clause 8(11), 8(12) and 8(13) of Schedule 10.6

## **Code related audit information**

If an interrogation does not download all raw meter data, the MEP must investigate the registry why or update the registry to show the meter is no longer AMI.

If the MEP choses to investigate the reasons for the failure the MEP has no more than 30 days or 25% of the maximum interrogation cycle, from the date of the last successful interrogation (whichever is shorter).

If the MEP does not restore communications within this time or determines they will be unable to meet this timeframe they must update the registry to show the meter is no longer AMI.

## **Audit observation**

I checked process for ensuring the AMI flag is changed where data is incomplete.

# **Audit commentary**

The AMI flag is changed to "N" if data is incomplete at 20 business days.

#### **Audit outcome**

# CONCLUSION

Eleven non-compliances are recorded, and three recommendations are made. The three recommendations relate to data collection requirements that came into force on 1 February 2021. The main non-compliance issues are as follows:

- 1. An inspection was not conducted for Category 3 ICP 0000022125WE134. (Appears in three sections).
- 2. Faulty metering notification was not provided within 20 business days for ICP 0080050190WEB67. (Appears in two sections).
- 3. Some certification report fields are inaccurate or not present, including the results of certification tests.
- 4. AMI events are not routinely reviewed.

The date of the next audit is determined by the Electricity Authority and is dependent on the level of compliance during this audit. The table below provides some guidance on this matter and recommends an audit frequency of six months. I have considered this recommendation in conjunction with the responses from WEL and I recommend an audit period of 12 months.

# PARTICIPANT RESPONSE

Given; the technical nature and the low level of risk to the industry presented by the non-compliances, the minimal impact on the industry and other participants, that issues have already been resolved or have fixes planned to be resolved in the near term, we feel an audit period of 12 months is more appropriate in this instance.