

Presentation to Electricity Authority – Round table

27 May 2019

Sophie Richardson

Senior Policy Advisor

WHAT IS PRIVACY?

**...preserving people's control
over their information in the face
of technology that lessens that
control.**

INFORMATION PRIVACY PRINCIPLES

1. Only collect the information you need
2. Get it from the person concerned
3. Tell them what you're doing
4. Be ethical when you're doing it
5. Take care of the information once you've got it
6. They can see it if they want to
7. They can correct it if it's wrong
8. Make sure it's accurate before you use it
9. Get rid of it when you're done with it
10. Only use it for the purpose you got it for
11. Only disclose it if that's why you got it
12. Be careful with unique identifiers

Key Questions :

Do you need to collect or use personal information in order to deliver your service?

What are you going to tell people about the use, collection or disclosure of their information?

How will you store the information?

How will you ensure that the information is accurate and up to date?



Privacy Bill

- Mandatory data breach notifications
- Compliance notices
- Access determinations



QUESTION:

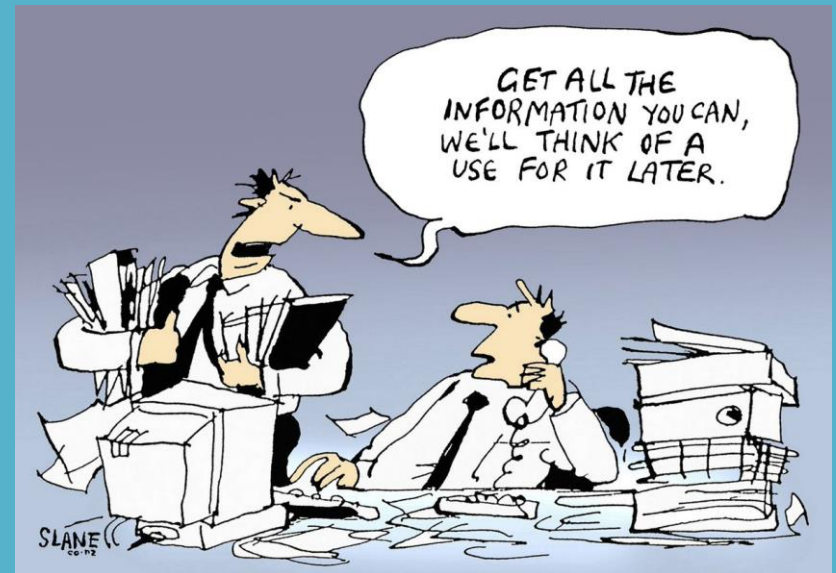
**WHO OWNS PERSONAL
INFORMATION?**

ANSWER:
NO ONE.



HOW DOES THE PRIVACY ACT SUPPORT INNOVATION?

- Principles based legislation
- Flexible
- Provides the ability to share information



Want to know more??

General enquiries email:

Enquiries@privacy.org.nz

Policy team email:

policy@privacy.org.nz

Phone:

0800 803 909



**FREE
PRIVACY
EDUCATION**

Online, any time, from anywhere